

I/An increasing world population

A/ Demographic growth has speeded up in the 20th century:

An increase, to increase, to grow, to speed up

B/The world is unevenly/unequally populated: unequally, equally, unevenly, evenly, contrasts

C/ The world population becomes more and more urban

Urban transition, a phenomenon, 2 phenomena, a **megapolis**, 2 megapolises, **drift from the land**, to drift from the land, to commute

II/ Population evolution varies from a country to another

A/ The demographic transition model

The demographic transition, a step, a stage, **birth rate, death rate, population growth/increase, infant mortality, fertility index**

B/ All the countries don't have the same evolution

III/ Demography impact needs

Basic needs

A/ New needs

1) In Developed/MEDC's countries where the transition is over

MEDC's, LEDC's, a pension system, to retire, to be retired, seniors, to age, aging, private savings, health care, education, schooling, to fund, to push further, retirement age

2) In developing countries/MEDC's where the transition keeps going

Housing, education, health care system, employment

B/ The current situation is not only negative

1) In MEDC's

purchasing power

2) In LEDC's

An asset, a labour force, foreign investments